



Prevention of Coronavirus

Good hygiene practices reduce infection risk

Recommended precautions

1 Clean hands

All staff should practice hand hygiene at key points in time to prevent the spread of germs.



Wash with soap and water. This is an effective way to remove dirt and germs.

Sanitise with an alcohol hand sanitiser in addition to hand washing. If your hands are soiled, you must perform a full hand wash.



NOTE: Hand sanitiser should not be a substitute for hand washing. Alcohol can kill the germs on hands, but it cannot remove soil.

2 Cover your nose and mouth

Please cover your nose and mouth with a tissue when you cough or sneeze.

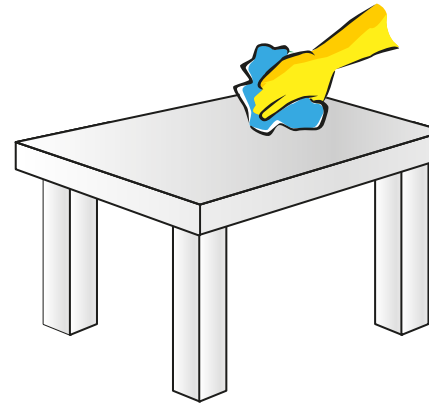


Dispose of the tissue then make sure you wash your hands.

Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.

3 Clean and disinfect surfaces

Surfaces that are frequently touched should be cleaned and disinfected frequently no less than twice daily.



During outbreaks, Diversey recommends cleaning and disinfecting more frequently than usual.

4 Avoid unnecessary contact such as shaking hands or hugging



Avoid areas that have a known outbreak or if you have to go there, ensure you perform best hand hygiene practices before and after you exit the site.

5 Stay home if you feel unwell.

If you have a fever, cough and difficulty breathing, seek medical attention



REMEMBER: Observe good hygiene practices at all times to reduce infection risk. Please inform your supervisor if you suspect there is a case of Coronavirus.